

”Netaji’s Untold Story ”

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ATTLEE VISIT

 In 1956 Clement Attlee visit India who was a former British prime minister. Then governor of Bengal asked one important question "After Quit India Movement subsided in 1942, There is no significant freedom movement in India. Then despite an opportunity to rule India. why did the Britishers leave?."

 Attlee replied that the role played by Netaji's army was paramount in India being granted independence, While the role played by the non-violent movement was dismissed as minimal. This Enough to question the history taught in textbooks.



NETAJI?

People much talk about legends like the Mahatma and his movements. We are knowingly or unknowingly not taught about significant sacrifices made by Netaji and his AZAD HIND FAUJ.

 Who was Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose?

 What was this legend's contribution to the independence struggle of our nation?

 How did his contribution give freedom?



BEGINNING

 Bose was born in 1892, and India lives in complete mercy of colonial rulers.

 On one side, we are shipping premium goods to England, and other side lakhs of Indian people starving to death because of famines.

 These times very few families live a decent life. Fortunately, Netaji's family is one of them.

 Those days Britishers dare to place a board outside the hotels like Dogs and Indians are not allowed. He grew up in such an environment where he noticed these atrocities caused by Britishers.

 These things impact Netaji in a way, when he saw his college professor harassing Indian students, he slapped him for which he rusticated from the college.

 later, he went to London to study ICS, one of the toughest exams, he clears within six months. As soon as the job was offered, he was rejected and returned to India and joined with Gandhiji and his team to fight for India.

RESIGNATION

 Because of his charismatic personality and political acumen, he climbs the ladders of congress more quickly than any other.

 He become such popular that in the presidential election of Congress, Netaji defeated Dr. Pattabhi, who was backed by Gandhiji himself.

 Netaji and Gandhiji have different ideologies for the same goal. Gandhiji sought independence through non-violence whereas, Netaji believed independence is not your request. You fight for it and snatch it from the rulers.

 Even though each respected one another due to differences in ideologies, Netaji's resigned from congress in 1939, to find out another way to free India.

HISTORIC JOURNEY

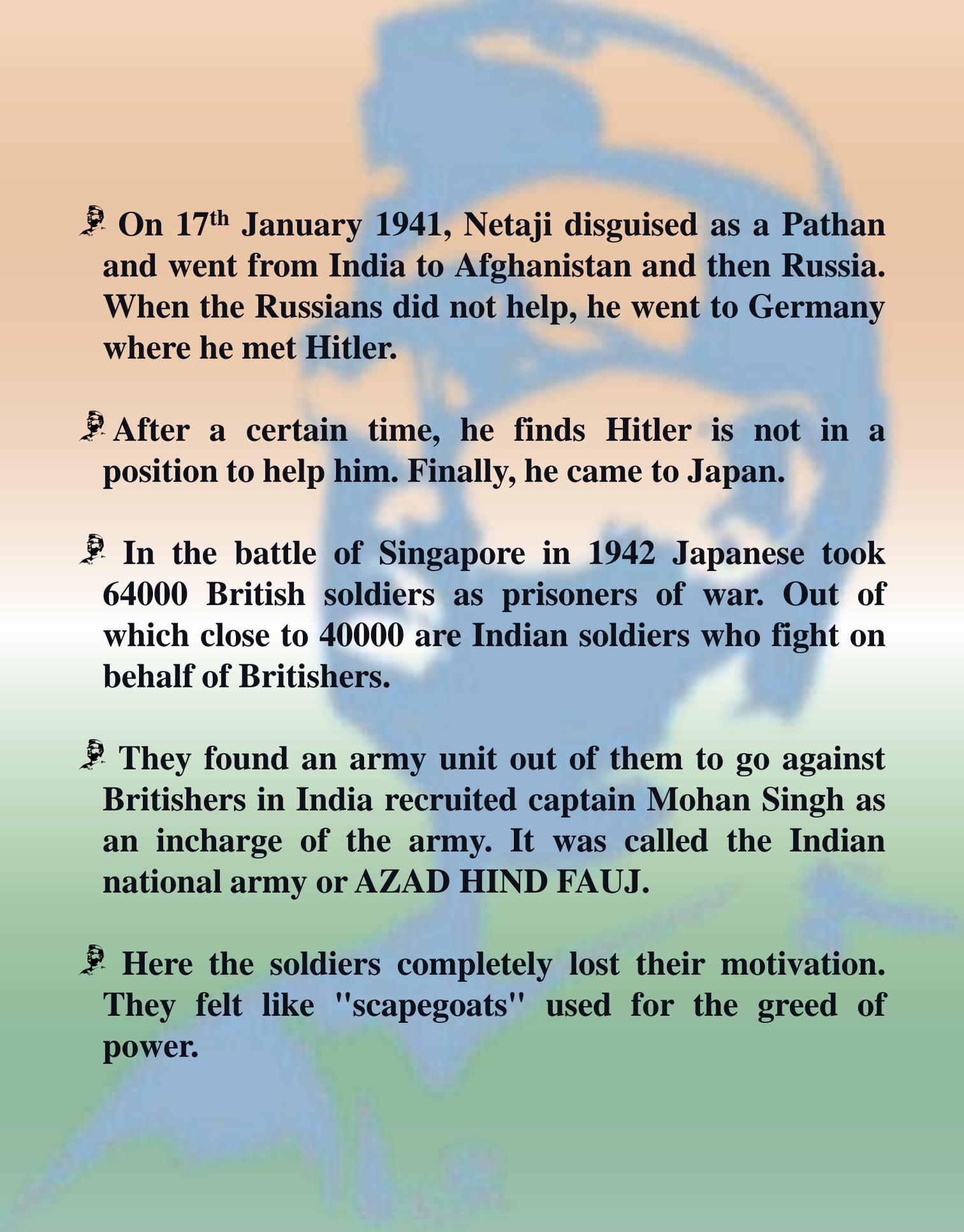
 This is the time when world war II begin, on one side Hitler ravaging through Europe, and on the other side Japan dominant Asia and prepared to wage war against the US.

 Hitler has caused so much damage that Britishers verge to lose their own country, this is where Netaji saw an opportunity.

 In the race of fight, the Britishers spread all over the world because of this, in India only upper management are Britishers remain frontline army are Indians.

 If he somehow makes these frontline soldiers revolt, the Britishers have no choice other than to leave India.

 To happen this there is a big push needed in Indian soldiers.



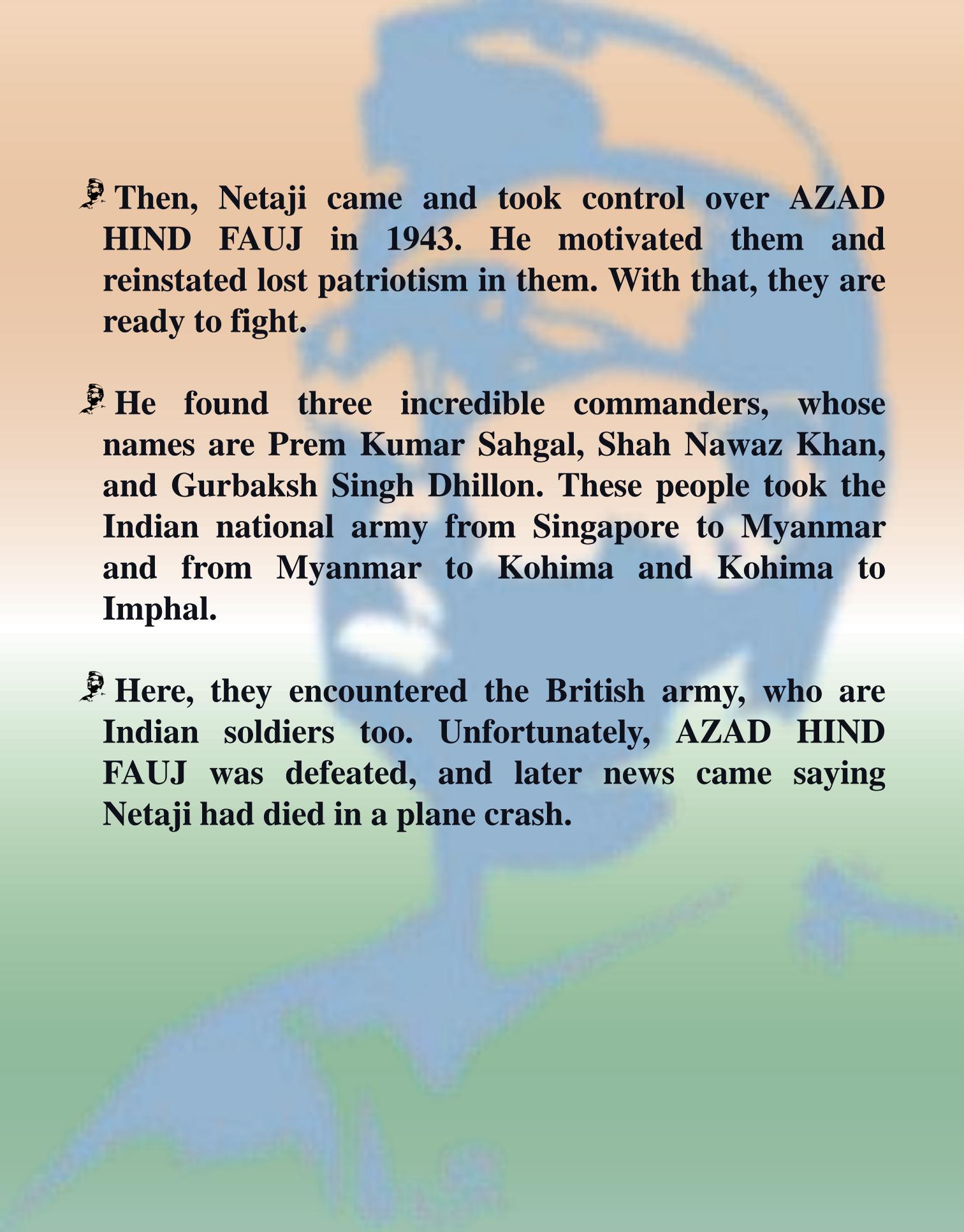
 On 17th January 1941, Netaji disguised as a Pathan and went from India to Afghanistan and then Russia. When the Russians did not help, he went to Germany where he met Hitler.

 After a certain time, he finds Hitler is not in a position to help him. Finally, he came to Japan.

 In the battle of Singapore in 1942 Japanese took 64000 British soldiers as prisoners of war. Out of which close to 40000 are Indian soldiers who fight on behalf of Britishers.

 They found an army unit out of them to go against Britishers in India recruited captain Mohan Singh as an incharge of the army. It was called the Indian national army or AZAD HIND FAUJ.

 Here the soldiers completely lost their motivation. They felt like "scapegoats" used for the greed of power.



 Then, Netaji came and took control over AZAD HIND FAUJ in 1943. He motivated them and reinstated lost patriotism in them. With that, they are ready to fight.

 He found three incredible commanders, whose names are Prem Kumar Sahgal, Shah Nawaz Khan, and Gurbaksh Singh Dhillon. These people took the Indian national army from Singapore to Myanmar and from Myanmar to Kohima and Kohima to Imphal.

 Here, they encountered the British army, who are Indian soldiers too. Unfortunately, AZAD HIND FAUJ was defeated, and later news came saying Netaji had died in a plane crash.

TRUTH UNVEILED

👤 Until this point nobody, in India knew that the Indian national army was formed by Netaji, they came to India, not for the Japanese but, for the freedom of India.

👤 In 1945 Britishers conduct a public trial on three commanders of the Netaji, known Red fort trail 1945 and marketed it as an event in the press.

👤 Because of this marketing, every citizen of India knows the truth of AZAD HIND FAUJ.

👤 After knowing this, all soldiers including the Navy revolted against Britishers. As it spreads further, the Britishers had never seen such a rebellion. This event was famously known Naval mutiny of 1946.

👤 This panic started such an effect, on 20th February 1947 Attlee declared that Britishers quit India June 1948.

👤 The red fort trail is one of the most crucial events in Indian history, of which we got independence on 15th August 1947.

REFERENCES

 **Think School YouTube channel ([ctrl+click](#))**

 **Ajit Doval speech (National Security Advisor of India) ([ctrl+click](#))**